Operating model and innovative technologies for the sustainable future of the private desalination industry:



Nizar Kammourie General Manager SAWACO Water Desalination



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SAWACO Water-Desalination

- SAWACO -Water Desalination is among the first private water utilities in K.S.A. License granted in 1999.
- SAWACO operates and maintains its own and third party desalination plants in addition to its water transportation fleet and pipelines
- Current production capacity exceeds 32,000 m³ /day distributed between 3 sites on the Red Sea- 5,000 m3 expansion to come on stream by May 2014 and another 10,000 m3/day by Q2 2015
- SAWACO produces and distribute different grades of water to a variety of industrial, commercial and domestic users.
- SAWACO returns around 64,000 m₃/day of brine to the Red Sea (Opportunity!)







The Need for a New Approach

- SAWACO started its business when water was scarce in Jeddah.-Saudi Arabia.
- Recently, Government water supplies improved drastically due to new plants and networks
- Industrial Clients held the key for survival
- The answer was in designing water for different industrial needs
- Something government extensive /complicated networks cannot possibly achieve
- Hence the concept "Designer Water" was created
- This concept can be applied when industrial clients are clustered anywhere in the world
- This is a concept that is infrastructureresistant and water abundance-resistant!!







More Needed to Be Achieved

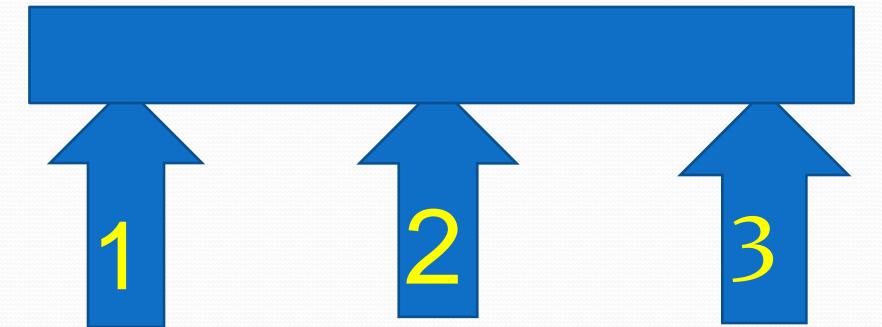
- O&M capabilities + Good analytical skills + expertize in water treatment = customization of water
- That was the beginning of the "Designer Water "concept
- We created a niche market and sustainability was the next target
- Reduction of power consumption and controlling brine discharge held the key for achieving sustainability
- Resource recovery from brine held the answer, but technical difficulties needed to be overcome
- Adopting novel technologies that deal with high salinity at lower power consumption needed to be investigated





- Designing Water
 using traditional and
 Innovative
 Technologies for
 diverse applications
- Sustainability:

 lower power
 consumption and
 resource recovery
 from brine
- Deploying new innovative technologies to improve efficiency

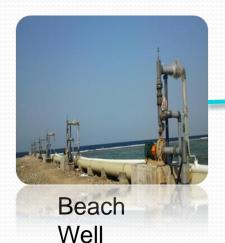


1-Design Water to Suit All Needs

- SAWACO uses its own O&M techniques to produce several grades of water
- Always searching for new technologies to enhance water customizing capabilities
- ESD by Enpar (Ontario) is currently piloted to produce pure and possibly ultra pure water



1.1 O&M Capabilities: first ingredient









Raw Tank



Feed Tank



Product Tank



Reverse Osmosis



High Pressure Pumps



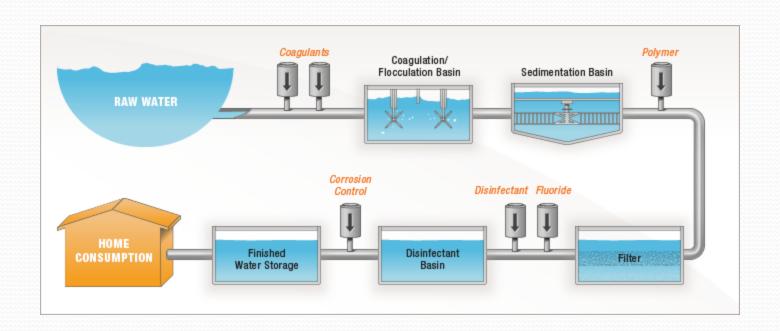
Cartridge Filters

1.2 Good Labs Facilities: second ingredient



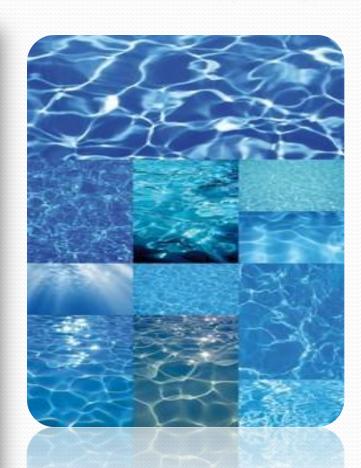


1.3 Expertize In Water Treatment: third ingredient



1.4 "Designer Water": designs to suit all tastes!

| Water Type | TDS Value in ppm | PH | |
|------------|--|-------------------------------|--|
| Туре І | 280 <tds<350< td=""><td>7.0 <ph<7.8< td=""></ph<7.8<></td></tds<350<> | 7.0 <ph<7.8< td=""></ph<7.8<> | |
| Туре ІІ | 200 <tds<250< td=""><td colspan="2">6.8<ph<7.5< td=""></ph<7.5<></td></tds<250<> | 6.8 <ph<7.5< td=""></ph<7.5<> | |
| Type III | 150 <tds<200< td=""><td colspan="2">6.5<ph<7.5< td=""></ph<7.5<></td></tds<200<> | 6.5 <ph<7.5< td=""></ph<7.5<> | |
| Type IV | 100 <tds<150< td=""><td colspan="2">6.3<ph<7.5< td=""></ph<7.5<></td></tds<150<> | 6.3 <ph<7.5< td=""></ph<7.5<> | |
| Туре V | 50 <tds<100< td=""><td colspan="2">6.3<ph<7.2< td=""></ph<7.2<></td></tds<100<> | 6.3 <ph<7.2< td=""></ph<7.2<> | |
| Type VI | 25 <tds<50< td=""><td>6.0 <ph<7.2< td=""></ph<7.2<></td></tds<50<> | 6.0 <ph<7.2< td=""></ph<7.2<> | |
| Type VII | TDS<10 | 6.0 <ph<6.5< td=""></ph<6.5<> | |
| Type VIII | 280 <tds<350< td=""><td colspan="2">Zero Chlorine</td></tds<350<> | Zero Chlorine | |
| Туре IX | 280 <tds<350< td=""><td>8.0 <ph<9.2< td=""></ph<9.2<></td></tds<350<> | 8.0 <ph<9.2< td=""></ph<9.2<> | |
| Type X | 280 <tds<350< td=""><td colspan="2">High Chlorine - 1 ppm</td></tds<350<> | High Chlorine - 1 ppm | |

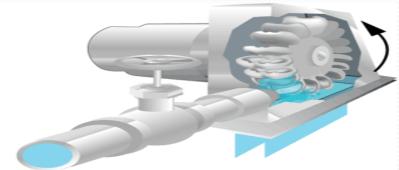




2- Sustainability

- Energy recovery devices are common place in the RO industry and operators are spoilt for choices:
 - Turbo Chargers
 - Pelton Wheel
 - Pressure Exchangers etc.
- Low –energy high- surface membranes help too
- However, Power Consumption remains excessive
- Two third of filtered high -salinity water still go back to the sea
- Recovering this "wasted" water and its resources held the key to a novel overall power reduction in addition to other tangible benefits









2.1- Resource Recovery from Brine

- Water, Salt and Bittern can be extracted theoretically from Brine
- Key considerations :
 - Lower energy consumption per m₃ of water recovered from Brine shall reduce the overall average power consumption (Kwhr /m₃)
 - 2. Economical recovery of Salt and Bittern
- The Benefits are quite attractive :
 - 1. Economically
 - 2. Environmentally
- Traditional technologies are :
 - 1. either energy intensive hence untenable
 - 2. or in need of large space
- The solution lies in a new innovative technology that requires reasonable space and is power-efficient









2.2 Sustainable Green Opportunity!

- SAWACO could not recover water and salt from brine using existing technologies
- SAWACO requested a Japanese technology provider to research recovering water and salt from Brine through Nanomist technology.
- Saudi Arabia demand for salt is expected to increase due to industrial and population growth.
- Ideally, SAWACO would build a 5,000 t/d water and salt recovery plant using Nanomisting. Up to 350-400 t/d salt would be recovered in addition to 3720 m3/d of potable water!

3 – New Innovative Technologies Selected To Achieve our Goals

Three new technologies are considered:

- Nanomisting (Japan)- MOU Signed, Piloting Started
- ESD by Enpar (Canada)-MOU Signed, Pilot Plant in the Assembly Stage
- Gradiant (US)- Negotiations in Advanced Stage



1-Nanomisting

Step 1. A 10 t/d Demo test plant : A 10 t/d demo plant will be built, operated and evaluated

Step 2. Transfer 10 t/d demo plant to SAWACO Plant: The demo plant will be transferred to Jeddah, KSA. The reoperation and reevaluation will be carried out at SAWACO Plant

Step 3. Build a 1,000 t/d BOT plant in KSA.: The JV will build and operate for 10 years a 1,000 t/d plant in SAWACO Plant . Salt, bittern and Potable water will be produced.

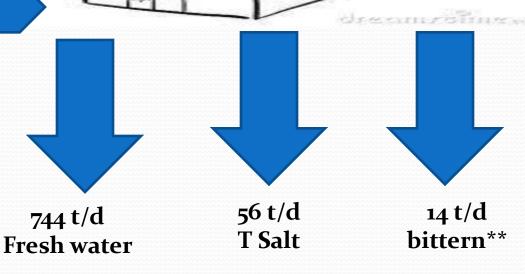
Step. 4. Scale up to 5,000 t/d

The 1,000 t/d plant will be upgraded to 5,000t/d plant at an agreed depending on market conditions



1000 t/d Brine Water (7% salt content)

Electricity o.6 – 3.0 KW/t*



^{*}Technology Provider will be evaluating the use of Ultrasound (3.0 KW/t)or Electrostatic (0.6 KW/t).

^{**} Magnesium Chloride

The 1000 t/d BOT Mechanics

(Step 3)

SAWACO

Brine water 1,000 t/d (free)

Electricity (Free)

Bittern Salt 14 t/d

Manager

Offtaker



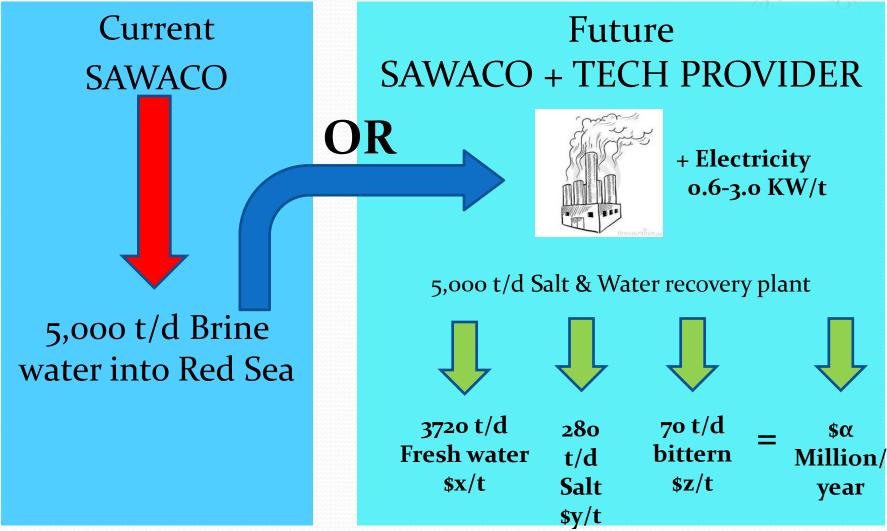


Bittern production to be exported to Asia



- The BOT period is x years.
- After x years, plant Title/Management/Operation will be transferred to SAWACO

The 5,000 t/d Opportunity





Resource Recovery: Green + \$

- There is a technological solution to treat brine water, and produce valuable commodities.
- The economics reflect profitable returns due to: 1- zero value based feedstock, 2- high market pricing for production line, and 3- technological edge.
- Pursuing this opportunity by a desalination plant tremendously improves its returns, and competitiveness.

II- Electro-Static Deionization

The Removal of Total Dissolved Solids with High Water Recoveries and High Ion Removal Efficiency







ESD vs Membrane (RO)

(Comparison is for drinking water quality)

| ESD | Membrane (RO) | | |
|---|--|--|--|
| Up to 95% water recovery (WR) | 70 -75% WR 1 st stage 85% WR 2 nd stage | | |
| \$0.06 per m ³ | $$0.08 - 0.16 \text{ per m}^3$ | | |
| No water softening required | Water softening required | | |
| Low maintenance | High maintenance | | |
| Total ion removal OR selective to monovalent ions | Total ion removal | | |





Heart of the ESD System – CDI Cell



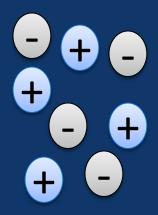
Carbon Electrode







Operation - Purification



Contaminants

Negative Electrode

Positive Electrode

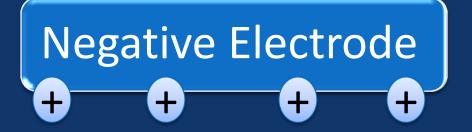
• U = 1.2 V





Operation - Regeneration

- The polarity is reversed.
- Ions move away from the electrodes.









Operation - Purge

 During the purge the ions are removed as a small volume of concentrate.

Positive Electrode

















Negative Electrode





Full Scale ESD 112K Module (Korea)



Module contains 36 cells Capacity: 112 – 150 m³ per day





Full Scale ESD 100K Module





City of Guelph





Module contains 36 monovalent cells

Capacity: 100 – 140 m³ per day



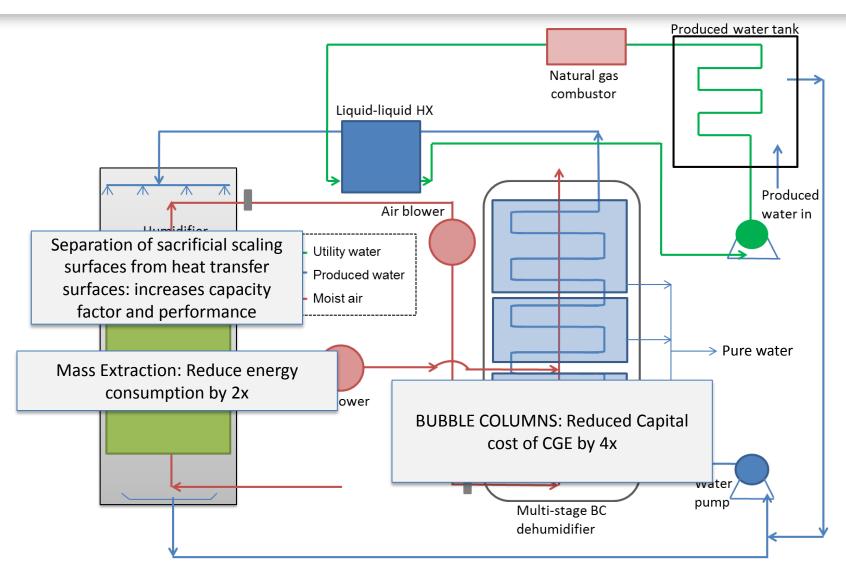
III - Gradiant Corp HDH CGE

-High TDS ZLD: What is the ideal technological solution?

| Technology | Max. system TDS | Recovery @ 120k TDS | Feasible System size | Cost | vs. Gradiant |
|---------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------|--|
| Reverse Osmosis | 70,000 | N/A | Flexible | N/A | Very low TDS |
| Forward Osmosis | 220,000 | 30-40% | Flexible | Medium | Low recovery, high Opex |
| Membrane Distillation | · · | nigh recovery and er TDS 40-50% | >2000 bbl/d | Medium | Low recovery, high pre-treatment |
| MVR | 250,000 | 40-50% | >2000 bbl/d | High | Low recovery, High Capex, Large size |
| Vacuum distillation | 250,000 | 40-50% | >4000 bbl/d Very high co | High | Low recovery, High Capex, Large size |
| Crystallizer | 270,000+ | >80% | sys i >2000 bbl/d | ems Very High | Very high cost, large size |
| Carrier gas extraction | 270,000+ Hig l | >80% n recovery at hig | Flexible h TDS, low cost, | Low scalable | High TDS, high recovery, no membranes or complex machinery |



CGE technology is simple, membrane-less, and robust under high TDS water



Gradiant has 5 issued and 10 pending patents on CGE



Commercial scale pilots demonstrated





Photo: 10 BPD* zero liquid discharge CGE™ lab system

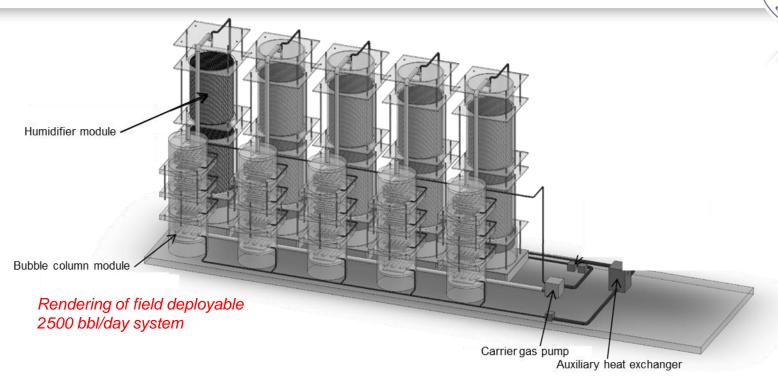
- Extensive testing program: 10 and 50 BPD pilots tested over 18 months
- Successfully treated varying water qualities of very high TDS water from different shale oil and gas play in the US (Permian, Barnett, Eagle Ford, Horton Bluff, Haynesville, Bakken, Marcellus, Lost Hills, Mississippian Lime, Niobrara)



Photo: 50 BPD industrial CGE™ system



Field deployable CGETM pilot unit constructed



- To be tested by end-2013
- Skid mounted, modular, scalable system for varying water production rates
- 4000 bpd facility with 500 bpd modules
- Process can use any source of heat at above 70°C





The Future

- SAWACO will integrate these technologies into its core processes
- Focus on Feed and Brine Opportunities
- New-tech will transform SAWACO Plants into near ZLD
- Brine will be an important factor in our sustainability drive: recovery of water, minerals while reducing environmental impact and increasing revenues!!!
- New Operating Parameters will be added to SAWACO Log Books
- Enhancing the Water Designer Concept







Thank you

nizarkam@sawaco.com

www.sawaco.com

